2 Important Areas for New Zealand Seabirds

Sites on Land Rivers, estuaries, coastal lagoons & harbours









IMPORTANT AREAS FOR NEW ZEALAND SEABIRDS



This document has been prepared for Forest & Bird by Chris Gaskin, IBA Project Coordinator (NZ).

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Contributors

The following individuals have contributed to the profiles in this document in a variety of ways, including supply of data and information about seabirds, and reviewing draft material, site profiles, species lists and site maps.

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Back cover: Frederic Pelsy (Ahuriri River)

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Location	New Zealand, Canterbury
Central coordinates	43.905610°S, 170.175116°E (Tasman delta)
IBA criteria	A1, A4ii
Area	6,380 ha
Altitude	530 - 715m
Year of Assessment	2013

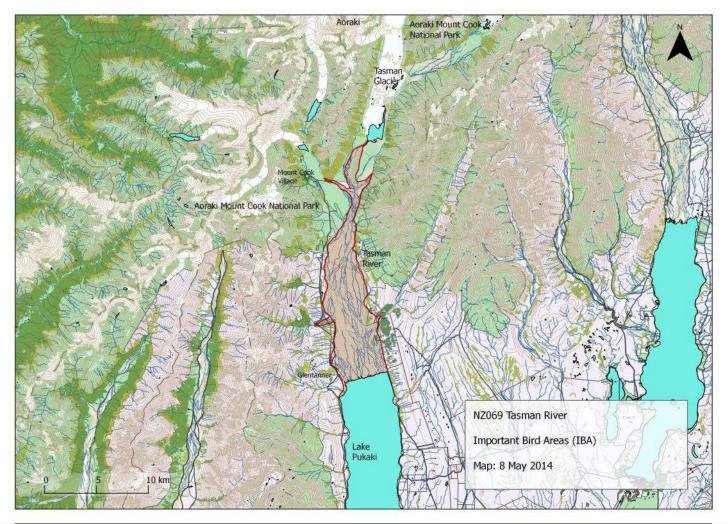
Populations of IBA trigger species:

Species	Season	Period	Population estimate	IBA criteria	IUCN cat.	NZ Threat Class.
Black-billed Gull	Breeding	1992-1998	7,609-13,592	A1, A4i	EN	Nationally Critical
Black-fronted Tern	Breeding	1962- 2008	38-58	A1, A4i	EN	Nationally Vulnerable
Black Stilt	Resident	1992	14 (individuals)	A1	CR	Nationally Critical
Wrybill	Breeding	1992	151 (individuals)	A1	VU	Nationally Vulnerable

Ornithological information: Besides the trigger species the following species are confirmed or likely to be breeding: Black Shag, White-faced Heron, Canada Goose, Paradise Shelduck, NZ Shoveler, Grey Teal, Mallard, Grey Duck, NZ Scaup, Australasian Harrier, South Island Pied Oystercatcher, Pied Stilt, Banded Dotterel, Spur-winged Plover, Southern Blackbacked Gull, NZ Kingfisher, Welcome Swallow, NZ Pipit, South Island Fantail, Grey Warbler, Silvereye, Bellbird, Skylark, Hedge-sparrow, Blackbird, Song Thrush, Yellowhammer, Chaffinch, Greenfinch, Goldfinch, Redpoll, House Sparrow, Starling, Australian Magpie. Other species recorded: NZ Falcon, , Kea (VU), Caspian Tern.

Protected area	Designation	Relationship with IBA
Aoraki Mount Cook	National Park	Protected area overlaps with site
Mt Cook Station	Conservation Area	Protected area overlaps with site

The IBA also borders sections of the protected areas listed above.



IUCN Habitat Habitat detail		Extent (% of site)
Wetlands (inland)	Permanent Rivers; Extensive River Gravel Beds (Braided River); , Swamps; Permanent inland Deltas	Major
Introduced Vegetation	Lupin; Pasture grasses & rank weeds	Major
Grasslands	Tussock on river flats; also Tundra-like mat plants	Major
Shrubland	Matagouri (Discaria toumatou), bracken	Major

Threats to the site (pressure) - IUCN Classifications

Threat Level	Notes	Timing	Scope	Severity
Invasive & other prob- lematic species, genes & diseases	Invasive alien species - mustelids, cats, rats	Happening now	Some of area/ population (10-49%)	Moderate to rapid deterioration
Human intrusions and disturbance	Recreational activities by lake and river users.	Happening now	Some of area/ population (10-49%)	Slow but significant deterioration
Natural system modifications	Weed encroachment on nesting sites (rivers)	Happening now	Some of area/ population (10-49%)	Slow but significant deterioration
Climate change and severe weather	Floods	Likely in short term (within 4 years)	Some of area/ population (10-49%)	Moderate to rapid deterioration

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Wrybill on nest, Tasman River. Photo: Craig McKenzie







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